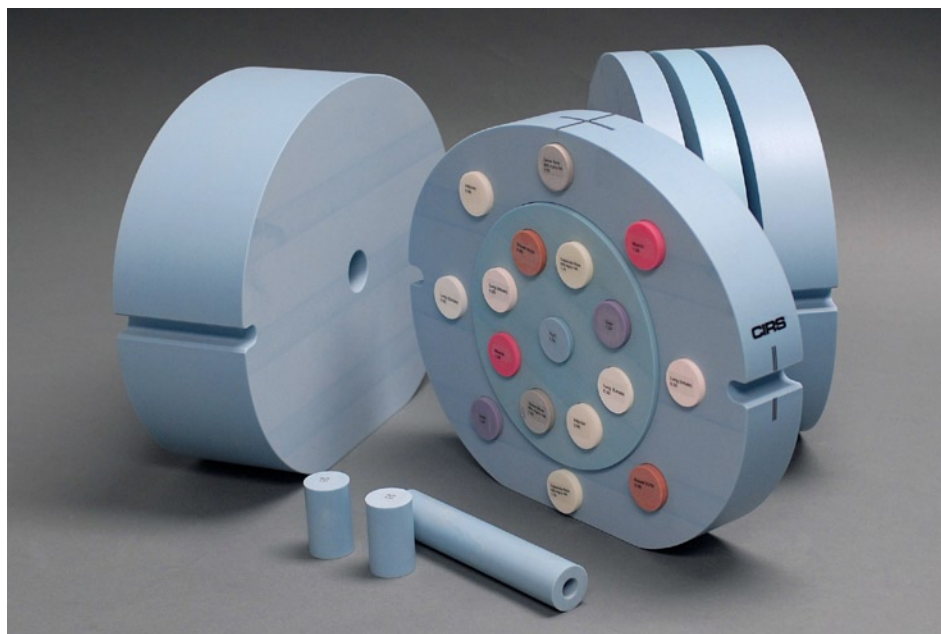


# CBCT Electron Density Phantom

Model 062A



## ***INCREASE CONFIDENCE IN HU VALUES FOR USE IN ADAPTIVE RADIATION THERAPY***

The Cone beam (CBCT) Electron Density Phantom is an extended version of the CIRS Model 062A Electron Density Phantom and specifically designed for Cone Beam CT Imaging systems. Preliminary data shows that there may be differences between the HU readings for Diagnostic CT and Cone Beam CT. The geometry of the Cone Beam CT requires additional material and suggests that off central axis measurements should be taken.

The phantom was designed in collaboration with Dr. Peter Cossmann<sup>1</sup>, PhD to provide a reliable tool for CT number to electron density calibration in volumetric imaging. Reliable CT calibration curves help enable treatment plan adaptation directly from Cone Beam CT data. Additionally, the phantom accommodates any ion chamber for dose measurements and validation of heterogeneity correction based on the corrected CT calibration curve.

The Model 062A OBI Electron Density Phantom measures 33 cm W x 27 cm H x 25 cm L and therefore covers geometries for imager dimensions of up to 40 cm x 40 cm. It is made of

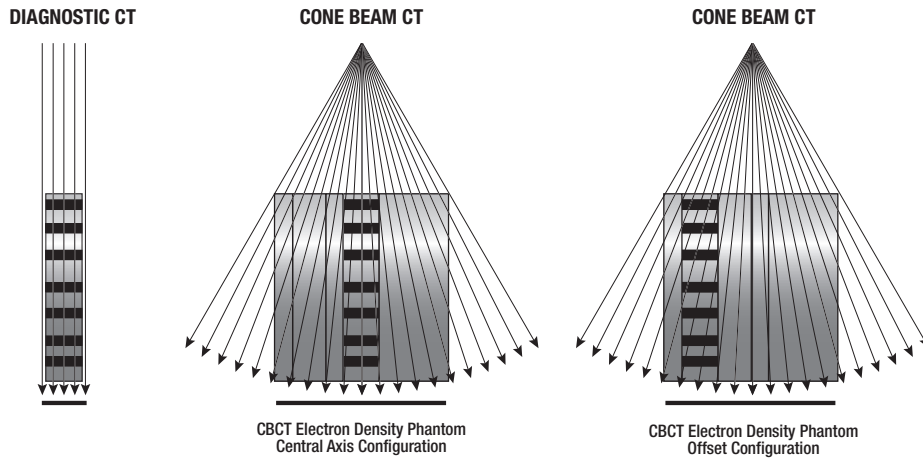
Plastic Water®. The phantom contains the same set of tissue equivalent electron density inserts as the standard Model 062 and has additional interchangeable slabs allowing for repositioning of electron density section with an increment of 2.5 cm.

### ***Features***

- Can be used for multi-slice CT and Cone Beam CT
- Can be configured for central axis and off-set measurements
- Manufactured from durable epoxy
- Tissue equivalent inserts can be positioned at 17 different locations
- Special marker inserts enable quick assessment of distance registration
- All materials accurately simulate indicated tissue within CT and Cone beam CT energy range

Available through JRT Associates  
800-221-0111 sales@jrtassociates.com

**CIRS**



A large number of HU readings can be obtained by placing the electron density plugs in different positions both in central axis and offset configurations. Using an equation of the curve fitting for the collected values a CBCT to electron density calibration curve can be calculated.

**SPECIFICATIONS**

<b>Overall Dimensions:</b>	25 cm X 33 cm X 27 cm
<b>Weight:</b>	40 lbs
<b>MATERIALS</b>	
<b>Phantom Body:</b>	Plastic Water - DT
<b>Inserts</b>	CIRS Tissue Equivalent Materials (epoxy resin based)

**PHANTOM INCLUDES**

1	Solid Slab - 10 cm thick
1	Body Section - 5 cm thick with (8) locations for TE inserts
1	Head Section - 5 cm thick placed centrally in the body section with (9) locations for TE insertss
2	Solid Slab - 2.5 cm thick
1	Solid Slab - 5 cm thick
16	Tissue Equivalent (TE) insert Ø30mm x 5cm long (two of each) Lung (Inhale), Lung (Exhale), Adipose, Breast 50/50, Muscle, Liver, Bone 200 mg/cc HA, Bone 800 mg/cc
1	60cc syringe for water benchmark
1	Distance Marker Insert
2	Filler Rod for 10 cm slab
2	Connecting Rods with knobs - 30 cm long

**OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES**

1	Rod Ø30mm x 160mm length, to accommodate Ion Chamber
---	--

1. P Cossmann\*, A Stuessi, C von Briel, Characterisation of a Linac Cone-Beam-CT Option: What Is the Future Potential for Treatment Planning? SU-GG-T-536, Medical Physics, Vol. 35, No. 6, June 2008

PH Cossmann, U Gneveckow, C von Briel Characterisation of a Linac Cone-Beam-CT Option: What Is the Future Potential for Treatment Planning? SSK17-04, RSNA Scientific Assembly and Annual Meeting Program 2008, p. 546

**TISSUE EQUIVALENT MATERIALS**

Description	Physical Density	Electron Density Per cc x 10 <sup>23</sup>	RED (Relative to H <sub>2</sub> O)
<b>Phantom Head (Center Section)</b>	1.01	3.346	1.002
<b>Phantom Body (Outer Ring)</b>	1.01	3.346	1.002
<b>H2O Syringe</b>	1.00	3.340	1.000
<b>Lung (inhale)</b>	0.20	3.340	0.190
<b>Lung (exhale)</b>	0.50	1.632	0.489
<b>Breast (50/50)</b>	0.99	3.261	0.976
<b>Dense Bone 800mg/cc</b>	1.53	4.862	1.456
<b>Trabecuar Bone 200mg/cc</b>	1.16	3.730	1.117
<b>Liver</b>	1.07	3.516	1.052
<b>Muscle</b>	1.06	3.483	1.043
<b>Adipose</b>	0.96	3.170	0.949
<b>Distance Marker</b>	1.01		

All materials accurately simulate indicated tissue within CT and Cone beam CT energy range

PH Cossmann, U Gneveckow Characterisation of a Linac Cone-Beam-CT Option: What Is the Future Potential for Treatment Planning? Medical Physics, submitted

PH Cossmann, V Varchena A novel phantom design for the electron density calibration of a linac CBCT option, Zeitschrift fuer Medizinische Physik, submitted

